# **Employee Retention Tax Credit**

Retool Your Small Biz Series

September 22, 2022













# **Gwinnett County Small Business Resource Partners**



Funded in part through a Cooperative Agreement with the U.S. Small Business Administration.





A Public Service and Outreach Unit of the University of Georgia.











#### Meet The Gwinnett Small Business Resource Team

We Are Here to Help Small Businesses!



Cally D'Angelo

Vice President
Small Business Initiatives
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Economic Development-Small Business Gwinnett County



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Director
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#### Housekeeping



#### Chat?

Use the **Chat** function if you are experiencing issues during the presentation and to respond to/interact with facilitators when appropriate





#### Questions?

Use the Q & A function to post your questions.

We will be answering questions throughout the session and have dedicated Q&A time at the end.





It's hard to listen, write, grab a bite to eat, slurp down coffee so we're going to send you the presentation when were done, just give us about 24 hours.

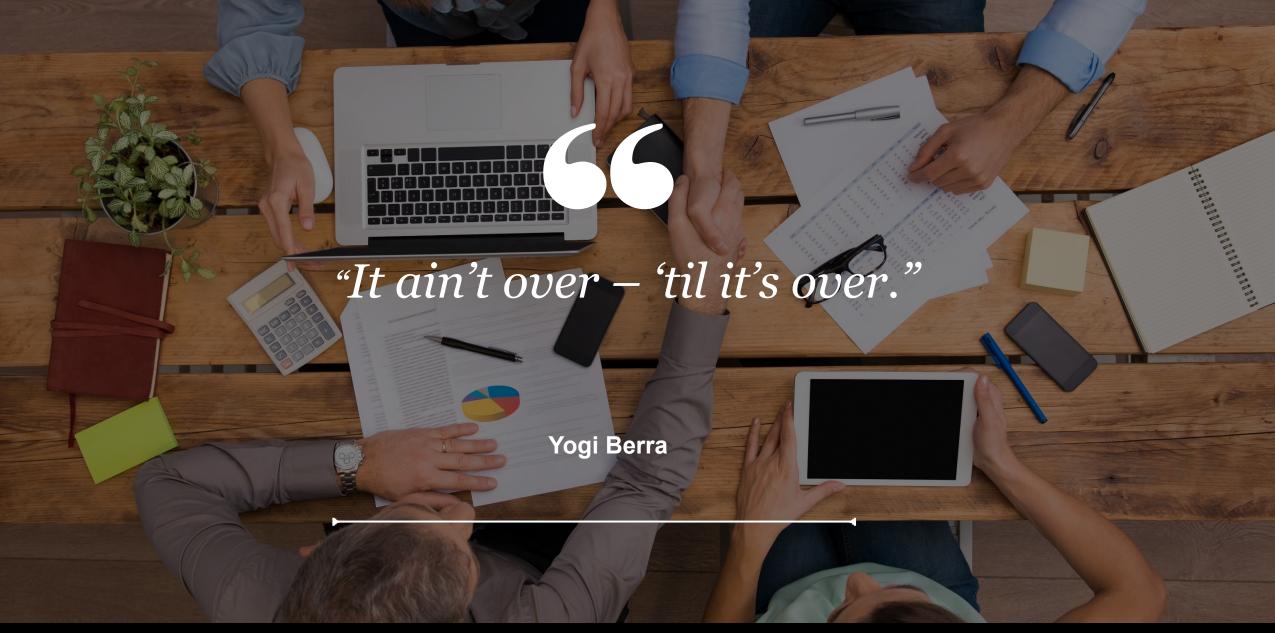


#### **Retool Your Small Biz Series**

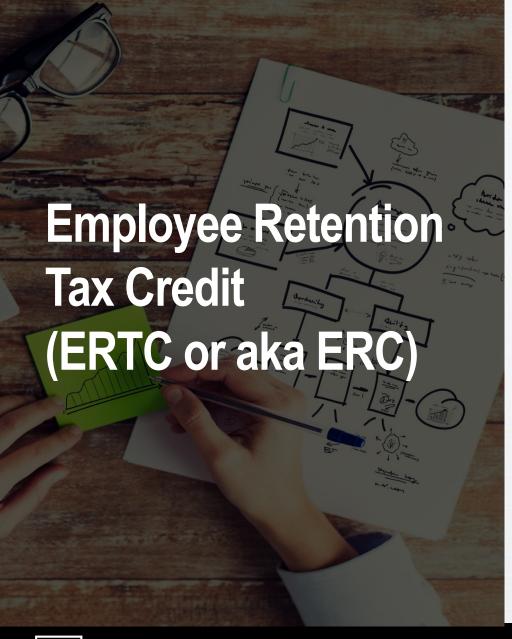
Reevaluate Your Business Plan

August 23, 2022

- Redefining Your Competitive Advantage August 30, 2022
- Employee Retention Tax Credit (ERTC)
   September 22, 2022







**ERTC Overview** 

**ERTC Eligibility** 

**ERTC Qualifying Wages** 

Coordination with the Paycheck Protection Plan (PPP)

Claiming the ERTC

#### **ERTC Overview**

- Is a refundable tax credit that rewards businesses up to \$26,000 per employee
- It's objective was to reward and encourage businesses to keep their employees on payroll.
- It has evolved and expanded to give more relief to more employers

#### Details of the ERTC

- Employers can get a credit against federal employment taxes on qualified wages paid to employees from March 13, 2020 thru September 30, 2021
- The ERTC has a maximum credit of:
  - > \$5000 per employee in 2020
  - > \$21,000 per employee in 2021
- Employers can claim the credit retroactively paid past quarters

#### ERTC – Who is Eligible?

- Private businesses or tax-exemption organizations that conduct trade or business that experienced any of the following:
  - The business was forced to partially or fully suspend or limit operations due to a federal, state or local gov't order
  - The business experienced a 50% decline in gross receipts during any quarter of 2020 versus the same quarter in 2019
  - And/or experienced a 20% decline in gross receipts in 2021 versus the same quarter in 2019
  - NOTE: If you started your business in 2020, you will use 2020 as your comparison period for a tax credit in 2021

# ERTC – Who is Eligible? (con'td)

- A 'recovery business' is one that:
  - Started after February 15, 2020; and had less than \$1 million in annual revenue
  - They are eligible for Q3'21 and Q4'21 but capped at \$50k for each quarter (can get a max of \$100k)
- 'Small Employers' can claim all employees' wages, but 'large employers' can only claim wages for those who couldn't provide services 'small employer cutoffs vary by year there are no caps on eligible employees:
  - In 2020 100 employees is the small business cutoff
  - In 2021 500 employees is the small business cutoff

## ERTC - How do you Claim the Credit?

- To claim the credit retroactively, file IRS Form 941-X, Adjusted Employers' Quarterly Federal Tax Return
- The IRS allows a period up to three years after the initial date of filing your original Form 941 to adjust previous filings
- The date where you can claim ERTC began on March 13, 2020

   therefore, you can adjust filings made for Q1 2020 up to the date of that filing in 2023
- THE ERTC WINDOW IS STILL WIDE OPEN!

#### DISCLAIMER AND RECOMMENDATIONS!

- The intent of this presentation is to define the ERTC and its key elements
- We can assist you in determining eligibility and a general idea of what you will qualify, <u>however</u>
- We <u>STRONGLY</u> recommend you speak with a CPA on how the ERTC will apply to <u>your</u> specific business
- Anyone with a number of employees should look into this!

#### How to Calculate the ERTC

- Step 1 Determine your 2020 and 2021 qualifying quarters
  - Were you required to partially or fully suspend operations due to a governmental order; or
  - Did your business experience a quarterly gross receipts decrease of at least 50% in 2020 or 20% in 2021 compared to the same quarter in 2019
- Note: If you started your business in 2020 you will use a corresponding quarter in that year to determine your 2021 reduction

# How to Calculate the ERTC (cont'd)

- Step 2 Determine the total qualified wages, including qualified health plan expenses paid to each employee per quarter.
  - Note: You <u>cannot</u> use any wages you claimed toward PPP forgiveness as qualified wages
- Step 3 Calculate wages paid to each employee in 2020 beginning March 13, 2020 thru December 31, 2020 up to \$10,000. Multiply those wages (net of PPP forgiveness) by 50% to determine your ERTC
- <u>Step 4</u> Calculate wages paid to each employee in Q1, Q2 and Q3 in 2021 up \$10,000 per <u>quarter</u>. Multiply the qualified wages by 70% to determine your credit for each <u>quarter</u> in 2021.

## ERTC Eligibility – Two Ways to Qualify

- A business that was <u>fully or partially suspended due to orders</u> from the Federal, State or Local government limiting commerce, travel or group meetings due to COVID-19
- A business that experienced <u>significant decline in gross receipts</u> during any quarter defined as:
  - In 2020 gross receipts declined by at least 50% in a quarter as compared to the same calendar quarter in 2019
  - In 2021 gross receipts declined by at least 20% for the same calendar quarter in 2019

## Example

Gross Receipts	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
2019	\$950,000	\$1,250,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,750,000
2020	\$997,500	\$425,000	\$1,155,000	\$1,837,500
% Change	5.00%	-66%	-23%	5.00%

Eligibility continues until the first day of the quarter after the quarter that gross receipts rebounds to >80% of gross receipts in the corresponding quarter in 2019. This mean if you qualify in one quarter – you automatically qualify for the next quarter until you surpass the 80% gross receipts test.

In this case – Q2, Q3 and Q4 will qualify

#### Full or Partial Suspensions in Operations

- A business that was <u>fully or partially suspended due to orders</u> from the Federal, State or Local government limiting commerce, travel or group meetings due to COVID-19
- Applies if an appropriate government authority imposes restrictions on the business's operations so that:
  - The business must cease all operations; or
  - The business can continue to operate with some, but not all of its normal operations
- The partial operations must impact more than a 'Nominal Portion' its normal operations

#### Order from an Appropriate Government Authority

Orders, proclamations, or decrees from the Federal, State or Local government limiting commerce, travel or group meetings due to COVID-19

- Government Orders Include:
  - An order from the city's mayor stating that all non-essential businesses must close for a specified period;
  - An emergency proclamation that residents must shelter in place except employees of essential businesses;
  - An order imposing a curfew on residents that impacts the operating hours of a trade or business; and
  - An order mandating a workplace closure for cleaning and disinfecting

#### **Supply Chain Disruption**

To claim a supplier disruption you must consider relevant facts and circumstances

#### These Include:

- 1. The supplier's ability to make deliveries of critical goods due to a governmental order;
- 2. The employer's ability to purchase critical goods from an alternative supplier; and
- 3. The consequence on the business due to the inability to purchase critical goods

All three relevant facts must exist to claim a full or partial suspension of operations

# **ERTC Qualifying Wages**

Qualified Wages may include the employee's and employer's qualified health plan expenses that are properly allocable to wages



2021

For qualified wages paid between **March 13, 2020 and December 31, 2020** (subject to eligibility for ERTC)

For qualified wages paid between **January 1, 2021 and September 30, 2021** (subject to eligibility for ERTC)

## Restrictions on Qualifying Wages

An employer may not use the same wages to make an ERTC claim and:

- Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) or American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Leave Credits
- Work Opportunity Tax Credits (WOTC)
- Wages claimed on PPP Loan Forgiveness Applications

You cannot claim ERTC for wages paid to a majority owner or that owner's spouse, nor their brother or sister.

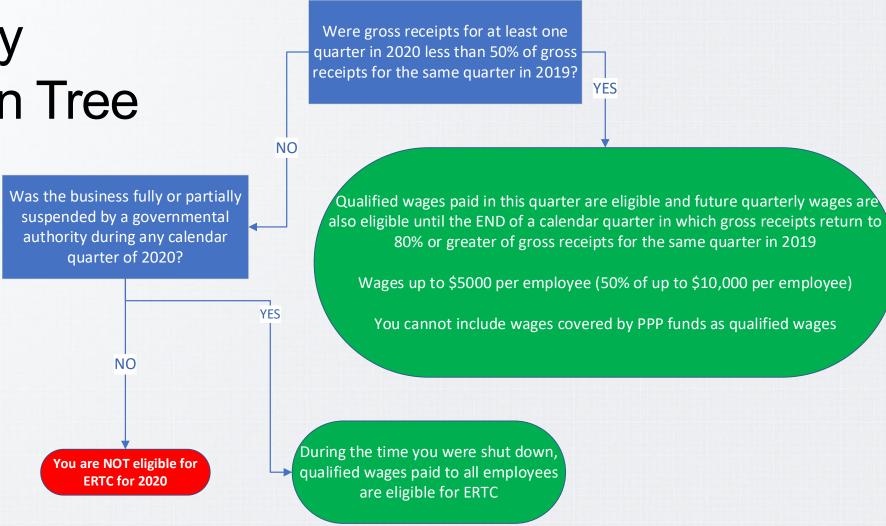
# ERTC Coordination with the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)

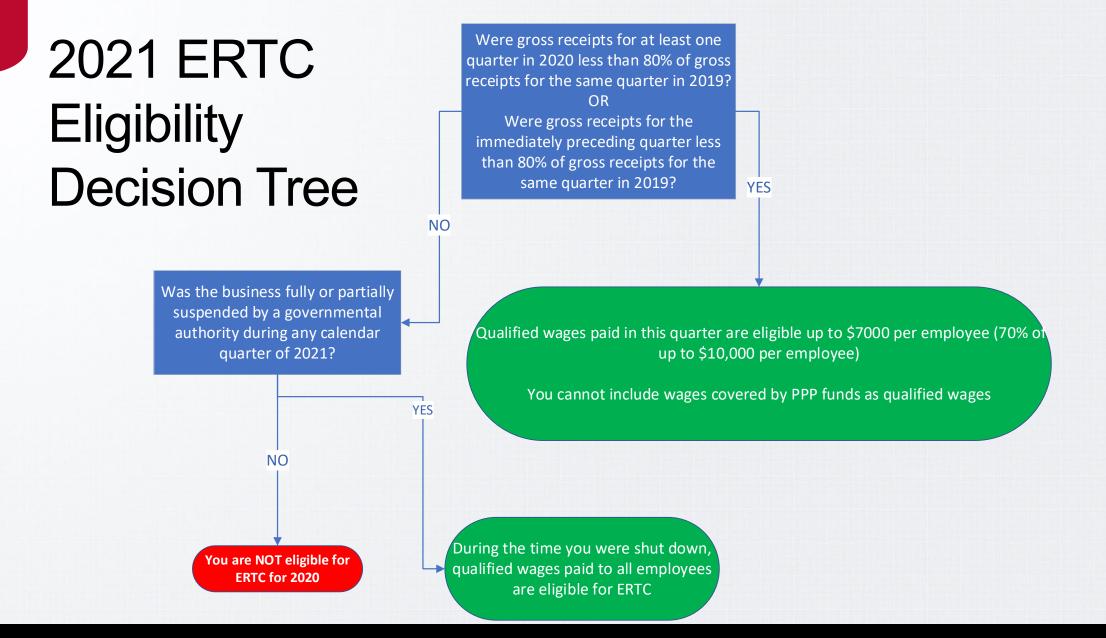
- Maximize nonpayroll costs when applying for PPP forgiveness (only 60% of PPP must be used on payroll)
- Extend your PPP covered period to maximize nonpayroll and owner and relative compensation
- When calculating gross receipts, DO NOT include any stimulus funds such as PPP, EIDL, grants, etc
- Final reminder you can't claim ERTC for wages paid with PPP or FFCRA (COVID sick leave)

## Claiming the ERTC

- First it is a payroll tax credit
- You will need to amend previously filed Form 941s (these are the payroll reports filed by your payroll provider or CPA)
- Form 941X is what you file to modify your previously filed Form 941
- The ERTC claim will include qualified wages and healthcare costs

# 2020 ERTC Eligibility Decision Tree





#### IRS Resources You Can Access

- ERTC 2020 vs 2021 Comparison Chart
   https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/employee-retention-credit-2020-vs-2021-comparison-chart
- Employee Retention Credit FAQs:
   https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/covid-19-related-employee-retention-credits-how-to-claim-the-employee-retention-credit-faqs

NOTE: The FAQs are not an IRS Revenue Bulletin and cannot be relied upon for a claim. See the insert to get the <u>current</u> bulletins at the top of the FAQs web page



# **THANK YOU!**

See you next Tuesday!



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